

# Crossfield Chronicle

The District Booster

VOL. XXXI. No. 47

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1937

PRICE \$1.50 A YEAR

## HALLIDAY & LAUT

THE VERY  
BEST AT  
A LITTLE  
LESS



FOR  
SERVICE  
PHONE  
No. 9

Seville Orange Marmalade	4-lb. cans each.....	53c
Premium Pork Sausage	tail tins. Special	25c
Dill Pickles	gallon tins. each.....	60c
Marvel Baking Powder	Pure 1-lb. tins. each.....	25c
Delicious Marmalade	Fruit Cocktail 1-lb. jars, each.....	23c
	2-lb. jars, each.....	43c
Fresh, Dainty Fig Bars	per lb.....	20c
Mild Cheese	about 2 lbs. each.....	45c
Pancake Syrup	34-oz. bottles. each.....	25c
	Delicious on Hot Cakes and waffles	
2 packets Minute Tapioca, 1 packet		
Cocoanut free		30c
Fancy Tomato juice	25½ oz. cans, 2 for.....	25c
Fresh Ginger Snaps	extra quality, lb.....	15c
Extra Fancy Cookies	a big assortment special, lb.....	25c
Quick Quaker Oats	with cup and saucer, pkt.....	35c
Robin Hood Oats	with beautiful china, pkt.....	35c
Dinner Sodas	32 oz. boxes, each.....	45c
Dinner Sodas	large Caddies, each.....	\$1.00
Tasty Wheat Puffs	Bushel Boxes, each.....	85c
Red Rose Crushed Coffee	per lb.....	39c
	This is Good Coffee	
Special!	a blended coffee at, per lb.....	25c
Herring in Tomato Sauce	tail tins. ea.....	10c
Classic Cleanser		
	Double Action, Purifies as it Cleanses—per tin.....	09c

Have You a Tip-Top  
Suit and Topcoat?

### World's Biggest Shipbuilding Centre Is Clyde, In Scotland

Among the world's shipbuilding rivers, the Clyde, in Scotland, is still by far the greatest. Its yards at the present time are constructing about one-sixth of the world's new ships. During the past six months the Clyde has turned out 4 ships of nearly 166,000 tons, the highest half-yearly output since 1930, according to the Industrial Department of the Canadian National Railways. Lack of adequate supplies of steel and other materials is hampering the industry at the present time. In Great Britain the extraordinary demand for steel products continues undiminished, in spite of the fact that production

### Canadian Legion.

The monthly social of the Canadian Legion, held last Wednesday, was not as well represented as it might have been.

Those who attended enjoyed themselves immensely and Mrs. Calhoun and Mr. Poyer carried off the prizes.

Dancing to Musical Bert and the Twins followed the card playing.

### Silver Trophy.

A silver cup has been donated to the district. See page four for full particulars (editorial).

is maintained at the rate of over 1,000,000 tons of steel ingots a month.

### Old Timers.

It has now come to the attention of the executive that the date set for the Calgary Old Timers re-union is November 23rd, and, to avoid clashing Crossfield folks, have changed their date to December 1.

By doing this, it gives everyone eligible to take in both events in a more comfortable manner, and not have all the good things come at once.

### Alberta Youth Meets in Calgary

The world wide youth movements which are gaining such momentum, and of which Alberta Youth Councils are evidence, show one outstanding qualification. They are ready to sink their individual differences in order to unite in a frontal attack on their collectively basic problems.

The fundamental needs of youth are the same the world over, and the youth of all nations are uniting to meet these needs.

The Alberta Youth Congress, November 20 and 21, is designed to further unify Alberta Youth, and to assist in clarifying bewildering perplexities.

The nationwide youth Rehabilitation Plans, which have been launched largely due to the efforts of the Canadian Youth Congress Movement, are now well under way in Alberta, and information relative to the operation of this will be one of the main features of the Congress, as well as other issues of vital concern. Qualified students and speakers will participate.

Further detailed information will be supplied on request. Write to G. A. Gillander, Secretary Provincial Committee, Alberta Youth Congress, c/o Y.W.C.A., Calgary, Alta.

### The Goblins'll Get Yer If You Don't Look Out

'Twas deep still night in the village square.  
Hushed were the dogs and radios' blare,  
As the N.S. & D. executive sat there.

Planning a Hallow'een Party.  
Stalwart lads and lassies fair,  
Freckled faces and golden hair,  
As the question to them was put there,

Hands up for a Hallow'een party.  
To be or not to be, that is the question;  
Whether we as a body of men and maids,  
Go on record to hold masquerades.

The ayes have it, well, that's fine;  
'Twill be held October twenty-nine.  
So broadcast the news both far and near,  
That everyone may rightly hear.

Our dance is open; so please this stress:  
Come join us then, in fancy dress.  
And when the wind howls blue  
And the fire in the hearth burns bright,

We hope to see you, you and you,  
With us, upon that Friday night.  
So paint and powder yourselves fine,  
Your costume plan without a doubt.

We'll see you October twenty-nine.  
If the Goblins don't get yer, so watch out.

The committee in charge is sure alive,  
Although composed of only five;  
Four good men and one sweet girl:  
Eva, Evan, Steve, Lou and Earl.

E.R. seems to have spread himself,  
His lines are long and bad,  
To get the gist of what he means,  
See page eight and the N.S.D. ad.

### District News.

We would appreciate it if our correspondents would let us have any district news for next week's issue by Tuesday noon, October 26.

### A. S. Gough Honoured at Olds



The Chronicle notes with pleasure that Mr. A. S. Gough, genial reeve of the Rosebud Municipality, was appointed D.D.G.M. of District Number 4 of the A.F. & A.M. at Olds, on Wednesday, October 13.

### Alas Poor Yorrick.

All roads led to Madden on Friday evening, October 15th, and E.R. found himself a member of the human vortex.

Tables groaning with viands of the choicest paid tribute to the good ladies of the Madden club, who, it appeared, were well endowed with dexterity in the culinary art. As rapidly as the tables were cleared they were just as quickly filled up again, and anyone who left the festive boards hungry, either suffered from nonreactions or else was too polite.

After all had filled the inner man to satisfaction, the tables were cleared and a short programme given. The following artistes appeared:

Action Song, June Swanby and Lois Walsh  
Reading, Melvin Rach  
Tap Dance, Mary Poffenroth  
Reading, Vivian Cowitz  
Vocal Solo, Rev. S. Hunt  
Reading, Kenneth Claybolt  
Quartette, Four Lovely Maidens  
Impersonations, G. Y. McLean  
Vocal Duet, Rev. and Mrs. S. R. Hunt

Reading, Dick Havens and Helen Rach

Tap Dance, Margaret Grant.  
Jesse Havens acted as chairman and called for a vote of thanks to the above artists.

At the conclusion of the programme the floor was cleared for dancing, and the crowd stayed with it until the wee sma' hours of the morning. The Gloomchasers Orchestra furnished the music, and the most outstanding number was the "Sweetie" selection. It was funny while it lasted, but when they all got together, it was not so bad.

Through some misunderstanding in their dates, the pianist rendered "Dinah", while the saxophone extolled "Mangie's charms". Mr. Violinist, not to be outdone, called on "His Pal Sal", while the chief of the procession section watched "Little Angeline". However, as we said before, once the girls were eliminated, they finally got together with "Just a weavin' for you". The girls sighed, and the boys, well, they cried.

All in all it was a huge success, and the Ladies Club must feel that the efforts were well worth while.

Miss Isabel Dawson held the winning ticket on the quilt.

Crossfield and many other districts were well represented.

### Co-Operative U.F.A. Store

CROSSFIELD

PHONE 21

### Hardware Specials

O Cedar Mops	\$1.00 to \$1.75
Cedar Polish, 12-oz. bottles	25c
S.O.S. Cleaner	15c
Steel Wool, 2 for	15c
Handy Nail Brushes	15c
Storey Cake tins, 3 to set	30c

10-inch Yellow  
MIXING BOWLS  
17c

Clover Leaf  
CUPS & SAUCERS  
6 - 39c

6-piece Bowl Sets	98c
Green Berry Set	75c
Glass Water Set	75c
Cream Jugs	15c to 40c

Bulk Cup Grease and Gun Grease, lb. 10c

"Where QUALITY and PRICES Meet"

### CROSSFIELD TRANSFER

Fully Licensed Haulers



"THE HAUL MARK  
OF  
SERVICE"

Daily Service: Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

SPECIAL WINCH SERVICE FOR TURNING OR RAISING

HEAVY LOADS

M. PATMORE Phone 62 Crossfield

Calgary Phone—M-1826

### In Memoriam.

FREDERICK STEVENS

In loving memory of Frederick Stevens, who passed away October 21st, 1936.

"Not just today but everyday, in silence we remember."

Mary Stevens and family.

RUSSELL NICHOL

In loving memory of my dear husband, Russell Nichol, who was called home October 21st, 1935.

With a cheery smile and a wave of the hand  
He has wandered into an unknown land,  
And left me dreaming: how very fair,  
It needs must be, since he lingers there—  
1 year for the old time step and the glad return,

But think of him faring on, as dear,  
In the love of those as the love of here,  
Think of him still as the same I say  
He is not dead; he is just away.

Sadly missed by his loving wife,  
Marie L. Nichol

### Popular East Crossfield Resident Weds at Calgary

At Calgary, last Friday, October 15th, O. E. Jones of this district was united in marriage to Mrs. Mary V. Nielsen.

Congratulations go out at this time to Mr. and Mrs. O. E. Jones from their many friends in this district.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones will be at home to their friends after November 15th.

### Shopping Days.

The biggest event in Crossfield will be furnished November 5th and 6th, when the merchants unite in a goodwill two-day sale.

Entertainment, dance, free picture show, valuable prizes to be given away.

### GEORGE & FONG

CIGARS  
CIGARETTES  
& TOBACCO



ICE CREAM  
CANDY  
& FRUIT

WE serve only food that is really FOOD,  
properly prepared to retain the  
necessary elements of  
food value.

U - KUM - UP - TU

### NEW OLIVER CAFE

Three Doors North of Old Location

LET GEORGE DO IT

FRIENDLY SERVICE

Build  
and  
Repair  
Now



The fall of the year is a good time to Build, Repair and Remodel.  
No matter the type of building or repair job you have in mind,  
WE WILL BE PLEASED TO ASSIST YOU IN YOUR  
PLANNING AND FIGURING.

Our numerous plan books are at your disposal.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

MEMBER W.R.L.A.

TELEPHONE 15

# NATURE SAYS CHEW!

## KEEPS TEETH SPARKLING

### Personality In Education

Too much stress cannot be laid upon the importance of the personality of the teacher as the chief integral factor in the educational systems of Western Canada if these systems are successfully to bear the burden which has been imposed upon them to lay the foundation of a virile and basically sound citizenry.

It is not enough that the teacher be erudite or that he or she be thoroughly grounded in principles of psychology and methodology. It is not even sufficient that the pedagogue, to use an old fashioned term, be an expert in the art of imparting knowledge to his or her charges. The teacher may have all these essential attributes and yet not have the personality necessary to inspire character, without which education is but a mere shell, essential to Coleridge defined it as "individuality existing in itself but with a nature as a ground."

With these definitions as a background in the mind, the importance of personality in those who are charged, along with the parents, with the development of a future race which is as yet in the melting pot stage, can scarcely be exaggerated.

For it is axiomatic that as the twig is bent so will the tree become, and the twig will be bent as the teacher wills and directs it, consciously or unconsciously, and the determining factor in this process is the teacher's personality rather than his precept.

The success of the public school system of Great Britain is based upon the knowledge of the importance of this influence and the effect that the personality of the teacher will have upon the character of the pupils under his care. It is because of this that personality is regarded as the fundamental qualification, without which the only one, for headmastership in the great public schools of the old land.

Over there it is well known and recognized that the personality of the teacher will leave an ineradicable impress on the pupil, an imprint which will grow through life and will dominate thought, word and action until the closing scene.

And withal that is a natural sequence of submitting young and impressionable minds to the guidance of one individual for many hours a day in the formative period of youth.

Three important elements enter into the scheme of the education of youth. They are matter, method and personality. The first two have a relative importance in the educational structure, but without the last-mentioned, enduring results could only be insignificant, almost to the zero border.

Sometimes in the controversies which arise from time to time over the subjects which should be taught in the primary and secondary schools and the manner in which these subjects should be presented to the inquiring mind, the fact that the personality of the teacher and his influence on character building transcends the mechanics of education, is minimized or overlooked altogether. Of far greater importance to the future of the student and of the nation in which he will take his place, is what he will be, than what he will know or how he learned what he will know.

Good progress in this direction has been made in this country to date, despite the fact that the country is so young and has had to build up an educational system at short notice, and it is to be hoped that the distractions of economic and restless conditions will not be permitted to call a halt in the march towards this important objective and that as the primary objective it will not be forgotten.

In post-war years important studies were made in the educational systems of the country. Academic and professional standards were raised and other restrictions were imposed which, along with improved remuneration for teachers, served to make the teaching profession more attractive than it had been in the earlier days when it was used, more often than not, as a stepping stone to other spheres of work or to marriage.

In the more recent difficult years of drought and depression, however, the principal objective of custodians of the schoolhouse has necessarily been towards keeping the school open, all the time if possible, and if not, at least part of the school year. Makeshift measures have had to be adopted, but despite the handicaps imposed by strenuous conditions, in the great majority of instances, teachers, trustees and ratepayers have strained the utmost of their meagre resources in a valiant effort to live up to their obligations to the future generation.

During this period the teachers have in a substantial measure sacrificed a great deal to remain true to their trust and for their sakes as well as for the sake of the children it is to be hoped that the end of these difficulties lies in the immediate future and that ratepayers and parents will again be able to press further without serious encumbrance towards the goal that it is essential to the progress of the country—a well equipped school-house and means to adequately recompense a teacher with a personality.

### A Common Failing

Many People Do Not Get Much Out Of Life

During the past two years, writes William Moulton Martin, in the Rotarian Magazine, I have asked 2,997 persons, "What do you live for?" I discovered that 94 per cent. are merely enduring the present for some future event or condition. Poor souls! They are waiting to-day's realities for tomorrow's speculations, sitting bored at a great entertainment, waiting for a better show which may never open. It's a common failing.

The ocean waters of the world contain about 25 trillion dollars' worth of gold in suspension, according to the estimates of scientists.

### Treatment Of Sickness

Former Health Officer Of England Praises U.S. System

Sir Arthur Newsholme, former chief health officer of England and Wales, praised the free treatment of sickness as practised in the United States. He spoke at the 66th annual meeting of the American Public Health Association.

Sir Arthur said that from Shakespeare's day, a well equipped school-house and means to adequately recompense a teacher with a personality.

Sir Arthur told of the work of the British National Insurance Act of 1907, which he said, provided medical treatment for one-third of the total population of England and Wales.

### Franklin Was Right

Engineers Prove Lightning Rods Are Great Protection

Benjamin Franklin's fame seems certain to go on forever. In the whole history of science no other figure has grown so steadily in stature after death. Nearly two centuries ago Franklin invented the lightning rod. Ridicule, over-enthusiastic acceptance, exploitation by the unscrupulous—all have been the lot of that device. And now come the pronouncements of engineers with all the latest scientific instruments to prove that almost everything that Franklin believed and said about his lightning rods was right. The chief difference is that importance of the rods has changed ends. Instead of the branched, pointed and gold-tipped upward end on which lightning rod salesmen used to set such store, modern experts are more concerned about the bottom.

At the laboratories of the General Electric Company at Pittsfield, Mass., where artificial lightning has been a plaything for several years, K. B. McEachron also has inquired into the freaks of natural bolts. One recent instance is instructive. This bolt struck a tree forty feet from a farmhouse where a boy was standing at the window. The house was not struck, but the boy was killed. What happened, Mr. McEachron decides from fingerprints of lightning along its path, was that the bolt followed one root of the tree, got from that into a small stream of rain-water, followed this to the foundation of the house and then struck upward through the unfortunate youngster. From his chest the bolt jumped to a near-by metal saucepan, thence to a radio antenna, next to electric wires leading to a neighboring building and finally to the telephone system, through a wire hanging near an electric lamp. The telephone system, at last, proved equal to the strain, and led the lightning off into the ground.

From the lightning's viewpoint this freakish path was simple and direct. The bolt was seeking the smoothest way into the ground. Ground under the tree was too dry, hence the path by root and stream into the house. Here, also, the importance of the lower end of a lightning rod, where its buried tip or metal end plate is close to ground is clear. Franklin long ago realized it should be. Safest of all places in a storm is to be in the open, standing rod with its lower end thoroughly grounded.—New York Herald Tribune.

### The Bluenose Challenged

Race May Take Place Off New York In 1939

We have still our old Bluenose, a boat which has stirred the Bluenose pride, whose graceful lines are still a thing of wonder, whose likeness adorns our dime and whose picture on one of our special postage stamps, has commanded the admiration of philatelists throughout the world, so much so, that some of them go to the length of saying it is the most beautiful stamp of all the collections. Despite the struggles the boat has had with wind and tide and accident, she still carries on and does her daily dozen.

And now Ben Pine, skipper of the Thebaud, comes forward to challenge his old antagonist, Angus Walters, to again try conclusions with the Bluenose, suggesting the race take place off New York in 1939 at its great World's Fair. This will give adequate time for preparation, provide an ample stage on which to run the race, and will be an attraction to all the lovers of salt water and those who sail it. It should not be difficult to arrange and there will be the widest general approval.—Halifax Chronicle.

### Something To Puzzle Over

How long is a piece of string, and why? I ask for information, not being able myself to supply the answer. The question, I am assured, by one who had to cope with it, has just been put in an examination for candidates for prison wardenship. It may, of course, have been a species of intelligence test. Capacity to deal with such a problem would surely argue ability to face most crises in life successfully.—London Spectator.

### Capital Is Right

On being asked to write down a definition of "capital punishment," says the Christian Science Monitor, a Glasgow schoolboy submitted this: "Being locked in an ice-cream or chocolate factory for a week-end would, in my opinion, be capital punishment."

Great Britain reports a boom in recruiting for the territorial army.

Monkeys are relished by large eagles of the tropics.

## USED TO WAKE UP WITH A HEADACHE

Now Fresh and Lively Every Morning

Here is a man who woke up every morning with a dull headache. Then Kruschen transformed his days. Read his letter—

"I used to wake up in the morning with a dull headache. A year ago, I started taking Kruschen Salts regularly. To-day, I wake up fresh and lively and can do my work without any exertion. I can recommend Kruschen for anyone suffering from headaches and constipation, and for putting new life into you. I intend to continue with Kruschen for the rest of my life."—E.P.

Headaches can nearly always be traced to a disordered stomach, and to the unsuspected retention in the system of stagnating waste material which poisons the blood. Remove this waste—prevent them from forming again—and you'll never have to worry any more. And that is just how Kruschen Salts speak and last for good.

### Might Prove Beneficial

Freak Will May Result In Modern Inheritance Bill

A husband who bequeathed his wife the equivalent of seven cents to purchase a noose, and added a hope she would make use of it without delay, may ultimately prove to be a benefactor.

The strange request at least has sent a group of parliamentarians in to action to put an end to wills that disinherited wives and children.

Headed by Miss Eleanor Rathbone, independent member of Parliament for the constituent South University, a delegation will wait upon Prime Minister Chamberlain to urge introduction of a modern inheritance bill.

For years members of Parliament representing all parties have sought to bring English law into line with legislation prevailing in Scotland and some of the dominions.

Proponents of a new inheritance bill declare incidents of eccentric bequests are all too frequent. Here are two cited:

A London man directed that his wife should be given "one pair of my trousers, free of duty and carriage paid, as a symbol of what she would wear in my life-time—but did not."

Another left his widow the sum of one farthing to be sent her by post in an unstamped envelope. As the letter contained coin and was not registered, the woman had to pay a registration fee of eight pence in addition to two pence for excess postage.

### ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

#### HOUSEHOLD HINTS

If your pulled candy seems at all sticky, roll it in ice sugar. This prevents them sticking together.

When ripping an old woollen garment, wind the wool in skeins and wash to remove the dirt in the wool. Bend your arm and wind the wool around your elbow and up to your head. This makes a convenient sized skein and it is very easy to wind.

Whenever possible, cook apples without peeling them. The skin contains cellulose which is a valuable laxative.

Save the leaves of celery. Dry them slowly in the oven and save them for vegetable soup next winter.

Rayon is made from wood-pulp and softens in water. Great care must be exercised in washing rayon. Do not rub or wring the material as this puts it out of shape.

Add corn syrup to candy to prevent it going grainy.

Use very few spices and flavorings in cooking apples. Try to develop the natural flavor of the apples.

Store your jars of preserves away from the light, so that the fruit does not lose its color.

Avoid overloading the washing machine. A small quantity of clothes is cleaned more easily and there is less strain on the machine.

Treat your linoleum at regular intervals with wax, varnish or shellac. It is not only easier to keep the floors clean, but the linoleum wears much longer.

Serve a child or invalid two small servings rather than an large serving. They are much more apt to eat a large amount.

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service for help on home and household problems. Address letters to Winnipeg Newspaper Limited, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

### Like Canadian Glue

Liquor dealer M. Robinson at Houston, Texas, wants Canada to change the formula of the glue it puts on liquor stamps. He said mice had licked the mulligan from all Canadian stamps in his store, but had not molested the stamps of other countries. Other stores disclosed the same thing had happened to their Canadian stamps.

The Duke of Wellington was 46 years old at the battle of Waterloo; Blucher was 78.

### Gifts For Royalty

Sent From Toronto To Queen Elizabeth And Her Daughters

The two beautiful embroidered purses for the Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret Rose, and chiffon handkerchief for Queen Elizabeth, which were the work of Mrs. S. Malloy, 1314 Bloor avenue, Toronto, and presented on her behalf by the Canadian National Exhibition, have been sent to Buckingham Palace.

The fine examples of Canadian needlework for the Queen and the Princesses were officially taken over by E. W. Scott, representative of the Canadian National Express, and sent to Montreal for shipment on the Duchess of Bedford. The package was addressed to G. H. Ward, Canadian National Exhibition representative, in London, who arranged for its delivery to the Royal Family.

The handkerchief for Queen Elizabeth is of pale rose, embroidered with the King George Caracul, the Scottish thistle, the Boyes-Lyon crest and the jeweled sceptre and crown. The little more bags are of the latest design and are embroidered with the rose, thistle and shamrock, and oak and maple leaves. The one for Princess Elizabeth is more elaborate than that of Princess Margaret Rose and has a Royal Crown done in gold and jewel colors, whereas that of Princess Margaret Rose has a coronet.

### Has Taken Many Years

To Shave Six Seconds Off The Mile Run Record

When Stanley Wooderson, a spindly English man clerk, smashed the world's record for the one mile run in London a short time ago he started a flock of armchair runners figuring out once more how soon it will be before the mile runs the mile in four minutes flat. Wooderson's mile was made in four minutes, six and six-tenths seconds, which is just one-fifth of a second faster than the old mark held by Glenn Cunningham, of Kansas, the United States titleholder.

It has taken the great foot runners of the world just 22 years to shave six seconds off the mark. If they keep up the same rate of progress it will be around 1960 before we come down to the four-minute mark. Back in 1915 Norman Taber, of United States, held the world's mark at 4:12 3-5.—Winnipeg Free Press.

### Punishment Was Draconic

How a village committee in India hanged a man for marrying a woman of lower caste is reported from the Village of Rangpur, near Sirmoor State. First the members of his caste tried social ostracism, but the victim treated the boycott with amused contempt. So the committee held a midnight meeting at which it was decided that the man's breach of the caste rules should be punished with death.

Now German military scientists are discussing the possibilities of germ warfare on civilian populations. That "next war" is getting nicker and nicker.

The accordion, smallest member of the organ family, produces the greatest volume of sound, for its size, of any musical instrument.

## WATCH OUT FOR YOUR LIVER!

And You'll Always Feel Great

Do you often say, "I feel rotten,"—tired out, no pep, hate to get up mornings, growl hoarsely, nervous, constipated. The reason is a sick liver. A healthy liver does four things. It supplies the body's natural laxative, helps the kidneys, intensifies and assimilates the body's energy. If it is unhealthy your system is poisoned and out of order. "Fruit-a-tives," made from fruit and herbal extracts, are the quickest, safest and most natural way of restoring your liver to health. A celebrated doctor's formula. Soon you feel like a new person. Try Fruit-a-tives. 25c, 50c, all drugists.

### FRUIT-A-TIVES LIVER TABLETS

### Engine Driver Retires

Engineer Of British Railway Had Long Record

George Stone, engine-driver to three kings and maker of railway records, has retired after more than 30 years service with the London, Midland and Scottish Railway.

Although 55 years old, he was known as "Young Stoney," a nickname bestowed on him more than 40 years ago to distinguish him from his father, also a long-service engineer. One of his chief regrets in leaving the footplate was that his service could not be extended another 13 months. That extra spell would have given him and his father 100 years of service between them.

Here are some of "Young Stoney's" notable achievements:

First man to drive a railway train non-stop from London to Scotland; first man on the first all-corridor express to leave England (1923); drove three kings—George V., Edward VII. and George VI.

"In 50 years I've learned to love engines and shall hate to leave them," he said. "You can sell an old motor car but not a new one without a thought, but it makes me sad to see the old engines go when they're worn out. It's like losing a trusted friend."

In his 37 years behind the throttle Stone did not have an accident.

### Showmen Are Worried

Freaks For Country Fairs In Britain Are Scarce

Showmen of Britain now organize the countless fairs in country towns and villages are complaining of a shortage of freaks. They are seeking new ideas and were started to learn at their annual meeting in London that there was a general scarcity of even the older variety of freaks. The chiefs of the fair industry are sending men to scour the country for attractions. In particular, there is a dearth of "hula rubber men," those queer creatures who stretch their skin in sideshows.

### Cave Is Well Named

Mammoth Cave, Kentucky, has five levels, with 225 explored avenues, 47 domes, 23 pits, eight catracas, three rivers, two lakes, and one sea. The actual space worked out of the limestone, according to estimates, embraces 12,000,000 cubic yards.

It has been found that bees sting him worse in the fall than in the spring.

**TRY THIS NEW WAXED TISSUE PACK**

**Presto-Pack**

Wrap Your Food In Presto-Pack

You'll be delighted with the simplicity of Presto-Pack—its flat sheet of waxed paper for kitchen use. Just hang it up on the wall. Then pull out a sheet as you require it. You can't pull it any more because it's a time way it's packed. Try Presto-Pack today. You'll find it the handsomest thing in the kitchen.

Appleford Paper Products Limited  
Hamilton, Ontario

At grocers, druggists, stationers and department stores

Warehouses at Calgary, Regina and Winnipeg

For Real Economy - Better Flavour

# PURTY FLOUR

Best for all your Baking



## ALBERTA WILL HAVE THE RIGHT TO DEFEND LAWS

Ottawa.—Alberta's government will be given an opportunity to make representations to the Dominion government before final decision is reached on the provincial statutes referred by Lieut-Governor J. C. Bowen to the governor-general-in-council.

Prime Minister Mackenzie King stated he had received a telegram from Hon. W. A. Fallow, minister of public works, railways and telephones, acting-premier of Alberta, stating his government desired to make representations to Ottawa on the three measures sent here after the provincial lieutenant-governor had reserved assent.

His reply, Mr. Mackenzie King said, was that the government would be pleased to hear any representation as soon as they may be made, and to consider them when dealing with the acts in question.

Before proroguing the special session of Alberta's legislature the lieutenant-governor stated he was not assenting to three measures dealing with taxation and regulation of chartered banks and publication of news, pending advice from the governor-general.

The bills in question will be submitted to His Excellency through the secretary of state for Canada.

It is expected now the Alberta government will send a mission to Ottawa to argue for their legislation before the government although it is possible the Social Credit representations will be submitted in written form.

## British Boats Captured

Reported To Have Been Halted By Insurgent Trawler

London.—Two British steamships have been captured off the northern Spanish coast by a Spanish insurgent trawler, the admiralty announced.

The vessels were the York Bore and the Dover Abbot. The admiralty said "presumably" the ships were within territorial waters. It was pointed out that such vessels had been warned repeatedly they entered territorial waters at their own risk. The capture was not observed by British warships on regular patrol along the Spanish coast.

## Mysterious Spy Ring

Has Been 'Discovered By French And Swiss Police

Paris.—Police of two nations disclosed the arrest of a blonde Swiss girl and two men in a maze of international espionage and counter-espionage that adopted gangster methods to dispose of its victims. Discovery of the mysterious spy ring, French and Swiss police said, solved the "one-way ride" of a secret agent for an unnamed European power.

Authorities unfolded a story of how the blonde girl trailed a fellow spy across half Europe and then lured him to his death—death inflicted by sub-machine guns on a quiet roadside.

## U.S. Flyer Reprised

Salamanca, Spain.—Harold Dahl, American aviator shot down by the Spanish insurgents while he fought for the Spanish government, was sentenced to be shot for "rebellion" but was immediately reprieved. The flyer will be held in jail here awaiting further orders—probably for his exchange for a government-held insurgent prisoner.

## Youth Training Centres

Winnipeg.—Youth training centres for 11 rural districts in Manitoba were announced by Hon. Ivan Schultz, provincial minister of education. Designed as a movement to aid unemployed young men and women the centres will be set up under an agreement between Manitoba and the federal government at a cost of approximately \$30,000.

## League Takes Stand

Geneva.—The League of Nations Sino-Japanese sub-committee officially reported Japan had violated treaties and invaded China, and the drafting committee agreed that signatories of the nine-power treaty should be invited at the earliest possible moment to examine the situation.

President Of Cavalry Association Montreal.—Lieut-Col. W. L. Rawlinson of the Governor-General's Horse Guards at Toronto was elected president of the Canadian Cavalry Association at the annual general meeting.

## Germany Wants To Know

Issues Warning To President Roosevelt Regarding Aggression Berlin.—The German foreign office issued a warning to President Roosevelt to "remember the shipwreck" of his predecessor, Woodrow Wilson, commenting on the United States president's appeal against aggressors.

Speaking through its official mouthpiece, Deutsche Diplomatische Korrespondenz, the foreign office inquires sharply which nations Mr. Roosevelt was talking about.

"He spoke of countries eager to attack and of others which think only of defending themselves, without even here indicating any adequate marks of identification."

"He avoided discussing the role of Bolshevism which menaces all states and peoples."

## Menace From Russia

Nanking Observers Believe Soviets Will Declare War

Tokio.—Domest Japanese News Agency said many Nanking observers confidently believe the Soviet Union will declare war on Japan next month.

Chinese public opinion expects fruitful results from Soviet Ambassador Dmitri Bogomoloff's flying trip to Moscow, according to Domei.

It reported that before Bogomoloff left by aeroplane for Moscow, he talked with General Chiang Kai-Shek and Foreign Minister Wang Chung-Hui and exchanged frank views on the Sino-Japanese conflict.

Among questions discussed were said to be prospects for a Soviet loan to China, for supplying Soviet planes and aviators to China, and for transporting through Russian territory munitions purchased abroad by China.

## Will Continue Search

Second Expedition Starting Soon To Hunt For Russian Flyers

Port Arthur, Al.—Cheesman, Port Arthur alderman, is going back to the north polar regions to continue search for six lost Russian flyers, he stated on return here from New York City, where he visited the Soviet embassy following the return of Sir Hubert Wilkins' expedition from the north.

Cheesman said he expected to leave Port Arthur for the north coast after October 25. The first expedition returned south to pick up a plane suitable for winter work in the north.

Cheesman said it was practically certain Herbert Hollick-Kenyon of Toronto would also return north with the second expedition. Hollick-Kenyon was pilot of the first expedition and Cheesman co-pilot.

## Japan Is Warned

League Of Nations Assembly Hints At International Action

Geneva.—The League of Nations assembly warned Japan of the possibility of international action unless she agrees to a peaceful nine-power settlement of the China conflict.

The assembly unanimously approved resolution containing the warning. Poland and Siam abstained from voting, but their attitude did not prevent unanimity because states which abstain in voting are considered absent.

Applause broke over the assembly hall as the Aga Khan, assembly president, announced adoption of the resolutions which condemn Japan for invasion of China and provide for the conference of the nine signatories to the pact guaranteeing the territorial integrity of China.

## Funds For Chinese

Campaign In London To Raise Money For Humanitarian Purposes

London.—Sir George Broadbridge, lord mayor of London, took charge of a campaign to raise funds for humanitarian purposes in war-torn China. The move, made with government permission and promised the co-operation of the Bank of England, marked the first attempt to centralize spontaneous efforts to give China definite help.

## Two Rumors Denied

London.—Buckingham palace officials denied two rumors. They said there was no truth in the report the king and queen intend to make Windsor castle their permanent residence. They said their majesties had made no plans to visit Australia.

## JAPAN'S ACTION IS CONDEMNED BY UNITED STATES

Washington.—The United States government formally condemned Japan as a treaty violator in China, thus throwing its full moral support behind efforts of the League of Nations to halt the Far Eastern conflict.

Shortly after the league voted similar condemnation of Japan's invasion and had proposed a conference of this and other nations which signed the nine-power treaty, guaranteeing China's sovereignty, the state department announced:

"The conclusions of this government with respect to the foregoing (alleged treaty violations) are in general accord with those of the assembly of the League of Nations."

Closely following President Roosevelt's appeal at Chicago for concerted international action to restore world peace, the department's statement accused Japan of violating the nine-power treaty and the Kellogg-Briand pact, renouncing war, and the principles which "should govern the relationships between nations."

The pronouncement did not say whether the United States would accept the league's proposal for a conference of nine-power signatories to consider action, but it was predicted in authoritative circles that the proposal would be accepted.

This government's formal condemnation of the Japanese military operations in China was expressed as follows:

"In the light of the unfolding developments in the Far East the government of the United States has been forced to the conclusion that the action of Japan in China is inconsistent with the principles which should govern the relationships between nations and is contrary to the provisions of the nine-power treaty of Feb. 6, 1922, regarding principles and policies to be followed in matters concerning China, and to those of the Kellogg-Briand pact of Aug. 27, 1928."

Until a formal bid to the proposed nine-power pact arrives, State Secretary Hull and his aides refused to make any comment on the projected meeting.

Another development touching upon American dealings with foreign powers was the disclosure Soviet Russia has bought more than \$10,000,000 in arms, munitions and implements of war in the United States during September.

More than half of the purchases were for war vessels—apparently the first materials and equipment for two battleships which the Moscow government sought some time ago to buy in the United States.

Disclosure of the Russian purchases in the state department's monthly report of export licenses was the first indication the United States government had consented to the transaction.

England, in 1935, consumed an average of 96 pounds of fruit per capita. In 1925, only 70 pounds per capita were consumed.

## THE QUEEN MOTHER IN INFORMAL SETTING



Her Majesty Queen Mary is shown in the Terrace Garden at Althorp, where she spent a week as the guest of the Earl and Countess Spencer, the latter shown on the left of the group. The Earl's son beside the Queen Mother. Viscount Althorp and Lady Anne Spencer, son and daughter of host and hostess, are also shown.

## TO VISIT CANADA



Cordell Hull, U.S. Secretary of State, has announced that he will visit Ottawa on October 20 and 21, and Toronto October 22. He will be returning the visits made to Washington earlier this year of Lord Tweedsmuir and Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King.

## New Principal Of McGill

Appointment Of Dr. Douglas Of Arizona Has Been Announced

Montreal.—Dr. Lewis Williams Douglas, former member of the Arizona state legislature, has been appointed principal of McGill University, succeeding A. E. Morgan who resigned last April, it was announced by Chancellor Sir Edward Beatty.

Appointment of Dr. Douglas, a native of Bisbee, Arizona, was announced following a meeting of the Board of Governors and the Senate.

It was disclosed that a formal announcement would be made later concerning appointment of Dr. Douglas, whose father contributed funds to construct the newly-built Douglas Hall, university residence for men.

## Speedy Transport Planes

To Be Used On New Trans-Canada Line

Burbank, Calif.—First of seven speedy transport planes ordered by the Dominion of Canada for service on the newly-formed Trans-Canada Air Lines, left the Lockheed aircraft factory here for Vancouver, B.C. Total cost of the seven planes was fixed at upwards of \$475,000.

Three of the planes, including the one recently shipped, are powered with two 450-horse power engines, developing a top speed of 210 miles per hour and carrying 10 passengers. The other four will have two 550-horse power motors, a top speed of 250 miles per hour, and will carry 11 passengers and crew.

## Railway Earnings Increase

Montreal.—Increase of \$103,000 was shown in Canadian Pacific Railway approximate gross earnings of \$4,773,000 for week ended September 30, compared with \$4,670,000 in the corresponding week last year.

## Arabs Are On Strike

Have Started Reprisals Against Jewish Attacks On Leaders

Jerusalem.—Reports of Arab reprisals against the recent arrest of Arab leaders were received from various parts of the holy land.

The Mosul-Haifa oil pipeline was reported cut and set afire at three points. Police and army furloughs were cancelled on the frontier with Trans-Jordan.

Telephone lines were cut between Jaffa and Jerusalem. Hidden marksmen atop hills lining the highway fired rifle shots at repair crews. The Jerusalem-Jaffa railway was blocked at one point by a pile of boulders.

British authorities paraded the first battalion of the Royal Sussex regiment through the streets of the old city of Jerusalem as warning of the punishment for terrorists. Reinforced police patrols were on duty at Jaffa, which also was kept under the eye of scouting military planes.

A partial Arab strike against the government's anti-terrorist campaign spread, causing most Arab stores to close in Haifa, Jaffa, Lydda, Ramler and Gaza.

## Submarine Flotilla

Germany Puts Twelve More Units Into Commission

Kiel.—Germany put another submarine flotilla of 12 units into commission. The flotilla consists of the motor-ship Wiesel, the tender Mosel, one torpedo boat, seven submarines of 200 tons each, and two submarines held in reserve.

Chancellor Hitler ordered the new flotilla to hear the name of Captain Loh, whose submarine was sunk during the Great War.

## HEPBURN WINS IN ONTARIO WITH STRONG MAJORITY

Toronto.—Rolling up a majority only a little short of the record high obtained in 1924, the Liberal party won a decisive victory in the general election.

Liberals won 63 seats against 66 for the Conservatives. Conservative took 23, a gain of six from their previous total of 17. Two Liberal-Progressives were elected against four in 1924. One U.F.O. candidate was re-elected. The Co-operative Commonwealth Federation lost its single seat and an Independent of 1934 has become an Independent Liberal.

Counting Liberals, Liberal-Progressives, Independent Liberal and U.F.O., the government will have 67 supporters in the next legislature against 70 in the last.

Premier-Mitchell Hepburn and the government formed three and a half years ago thus secured another term of office and an endorsement from the electors on his labor, hydro and financial policies.

In the new legislature he will face a stronger Conservative opposition although his rival, the premier's chair, Hon. Earl Rowe, failed to secure a seat.

Two cabinet ministers tasted defeat along with Mr. Rowe. They were Hon. Duncan Marshall, in Peel and Hon. J. A. Faulkner, in Hastings West.

All the other cabinet ministers, Mr. Hepburn, in Elgin; Hon. Dr. L. J. Simpson, in Simcoe Centre; Hon. Paul Leduc, minister of mines, in Ottawa East; Hon. Harry Nixon, provincial secretary, in Brant; Hon. Peter Heenan, minister of lands and forests, in Kenora, and Hon. T. B. McQueen, minister of highways, in Hamilton-Wentworth, were re-elected.

George S. Henry, former Conservative premier, retained his seat for York East and appeared assured of another term as house leader of the opposition unless a seat is found for the new party leader.

Mr. Henry headed the Conservatives when they were ousted from office in 1924 and after the election resigned as party leader but continued as house leader. Mr. Rowe was chosen leader of the party at a convention.

"Sharing" defeat with the leader was George Drew, his chief rival at the convention. Col. Drew contested Wellington South as an Independent Conservative after breaking with Mr. Rowe over the latter's stand on labor organization.

One of the major issues of the election was Premier Hepburn's attitude towards the Committee for Industrial Organization, headed by John L. Lewis. When the United Automobile Workers, a union affiliated with the C.I.O., called a strike in Oshawa, Mr. Hepburn took a strong stand against what he termed the lawless methods of the organization.

## DECLARE AGAINST THE SURRENDER OF BRITISH COLONIES

Scarborough, Yorkshire.—Applauding loudly, the Conservative conference declared unanimously against any surrender of British colonies.

Sir Henry Page Croft, who submitted the motion, declared he would like to see the government give Germany a formal, final answer. The resolution adopted reads:

"This conference has noted with grave concern proposals emanating from certain Liberal and from Socialist circles for the dismemberment of the empire by the surrender of sovereignty in the British colonies to some international body, and records its emphatic opinion that any proposal of this character is in itself a calumnious disregard of the rights of property, both national and individual; a treacherous betrayal of all inhabitants of those colonies and disastrous to the welfare of our countrymen, whether engaged in the factories of Great Britain or in production overseas."

"This conference further calls upon the Conservative party to resist these subversive proposals and to make the integrity and unity of the empire under the crown one of its foremost articles of faith."

"When Hitler declares," Sir Henry Page Croft said in moving the resolution, "that the British mandated colonies belong to Germany by moral right we must reply that if we admit that claim, then Germany was morally right to enter Belgium and we were morally wrong to oppose her in the Great War."

"According to all tests of the past, Germany has no more moral right to these territories, which she lost in the Great War, which was the result of her entering Belgium, than we have to Heligoland today."

Britain, he added, could expect no great material advantage from the mandated colonies. Before the war they provided Germany with only one-half of one per cent. of her imports.

"We ought to tell the German people it is not a question of material," Sir Henry declared. "We have no advantage from these colonies, which is not extended to Germany or other foreign countries. But we are not prepared to risk the whole of our future by allowing outside of us to be established which could sever our air communications in Africa and could cut our sea communications around the Cape to the far east."

"But this is not enough. We should adopt a positive empire policy to complete the great advance we have won in putting our country on the top of the world in the last four or five years."

## U.S. To Participate

Prepared To Discuss Measures To Halt Sino-Japanese Conflict

Washington.—The United States government prepared to participate in a momentous conference of nine-power treaty signatories on possible measures to halt the Chinese-Japanese conflict.

Following up speedily the state department's denunciation of Japan for its invasion of China, State Secretary Hull made it clear America intends to accept an expected invitation to meet other signatories of the nine-power treaty, which guarantees China's sovereignty.

Some high officials in Geneva and London suggested that the conference be in Washington—birthplace and depository for the nine-power pact.

## Prominent Publisher

George N. Morang Dies At His Home In Ontario

Toronto.—George N. Morang, one of Canada's foremost publishers, died at his home at Brookwood, near Uxbridge, Ont., in his 73rd year.

Mr. Morang, who was born in eastern Maine of New England stock, learned the publishing trade in New York and in 1888 came to Toronto to establish Morang and Company.

He was a recognized authority on copyright and was founder of the Makers of Canada series of historical works.

## Additions To Navy

London.—Three new units were added to the royal navy when the destroyer Mohawk, of the "tribal" class, slid down the ways at Southampton, and the submarines Triton and Undine were launched at Barrow. The "tribal" class destroyers have a displacement of 1,850 tons and carry seven 4.7-inch guns.





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MONEY-SAVING BARGAINS IN EVERY STORE.

## The Facts About Banking in Canada

Reproduced from the Sixth Broadcast in a Series by Vernon Knowles for the Chartered Banks of Canada and Delivered Over a Province-Wide Network of Alberta Stations on Tuesday Evening, October 12th, from 8:30 to 8:45, and Wednesday, October 13th, from 12:00 noon to 12:15.

Outlines Loan Process by Which Banks Convert Credit of Borrower into Spendable Money . . . Shows Position of Bank Shareholders . . . Deals Further with Limited Power of Banks To Issue Own Notes . . . Cites from Letters Received Actual Cases Where Bank Loans Enabled Borrowers To Turn Substantial Profit.

**I**N this broadcast on behalf of Canada's Chartered Banks I want to get back to that utterly mistaken idea that banks make money out of nothing. Critics of the banks will tell you that banks lend by creating credit and that they create the means of payment out of nothing, that when they build a building it costs them nothing and that when they pay taxes it costs them nothing. These statements are absolutely untrue.

When a bank makes a loan just exactly what is it that the bank does?

Here is the answer — It takes the note of the farmer or manufacturer or the bond of the Government, and places an equivalent amount to the credit of the said farmer, manufacturer or Government, allowing of course for a rental on the money.

In other words the bank assumes an obligation to pay that amount to the farmer, the manufacturer or the Government.

Since that obligation is one that must be met — and in actual practice is met — it is a credit-creating thing.

The transaction creates a credit on the books of the bank but the means of payment which the banks are charged with creating out of nothing consists of resources of the bank — in the last analysis, cash.

Moreover, it should be borne in mind that in all lending transactions by a bank it is the borrower who starts the process — he goes to the bank and asks for a loan, generally for a specific purpose, out of which he expects and intends to make a profit for himself over and above the bank charges. The bank does not go to him — he goes to the bank.

What the bank really does, in effect, is to convert the credit of the borrower himself into spendable money, which he can use for the purposes of his business, paying wages, paying his debts at the country store and meeting other obligations. If a man owns cattle he cannot spend cattle. He cannot pay his debts at the country store with cattle. His ownership of the cattle and his expectation of selling them at a profit to himself are the basis of his credit. When he borrows from a bank on the security of cattle what happens is that the bank converts a form of wealth, which he cannot spend, into something which he can spend and which anybody else will accept.

There is no magic about it and those who contend that a bank can create money or the means of payment out of nothing — are entirely wrong. The function that the bank performs, as we have stated, is to convert the credit of the borrower into a form in which he can spend it.

Without a bank the farmer possibly could buy seed in the spring, hire help through the growing season and harvesting, and purchase supplies for his family in the meantime on credit — paying these debts from the sale of his crop in the fall. However, common sense tells us that the seed merchant, the farm labourer or the country store keeper could not get very far on this basis, for they could not pass on to the people, from whom they in turn buy goods or services, the obligations which they have received from the farmer.

Why is this so?

For the reason that, be the farmer's credit ever so good, how could scores of people loan to his integrity and his financial worth, as they would require to do before taking his promissory notes. Instead, the bank loans into the farmer's affairs, accepts the risk, lends him the money and enables him to pay cash.

If it were otherwise and if banks created the means of payment out of nothing, why has it been necessary through the centuries to find people, called shareholders, ready to put their money into the banking business in exchange for a fair return? If no basis is required for what the bank does, the business

of banking should be an amazingly profitable business — but it is not. The fact that it is not an amazingly profitable business is a simple matter of record, as we have shown in our broadcasts.

Some of our listeners have asked that I say more about note circulation — that is, about the powers of a bank to issue notes. The request has been prompted by the utterly fantastic idea that a bank can, say, erect an expensive branch office building for nothing by issuing its own notes. A bank simply cannot, as has been suggested, issue a bunch of specially numbered bills, pay them out to contractors and others and then cancel them when they come back.

Let me say to you again that no such thing can possibly happen, for the bank must give the holder face value for its notes when he presents them. Moreover, I have shown you that there are very definite legal limits upon the amount of notes that a bank can issue. A bank's notes are a debt owed by the bank to the person who holds them — a debt redeemable in cash on demand.

As a matter of fact, a bank's notes are the very first charge upon its assets — that is to say in case of trouble a bank's notes have to be paid off before a single cent can be paid on any deposits or on any other debts owed by a bank. To make doubly sure of this there is a fund in the hands of the Dominion Minister of Finance, known as "The Bank Circulation Redemption Fund."

This is money paid in by each of the banks to the Minister of Finance at Ottawa, amounting to five per cent on the average amount to Chartered bank notes outstanding. This money is in the nature of a pool and would all be used, in case of need, towards paying off the notes of any bank. Surely all of this should finally squash the idea that a bank has unlimited power in the matter of issuing its bills.

In any case, as I have told you before, the right of issuing notes is being steadily, year by year, taken away from the Chartered Banks and vested in the Bank of Canada. In order to obtain Bank of Canada notes or bills for use as currency the Chartered Banks have to buy them. Every dollar in notes and every dollar of other bank obligations must always have behind it a dollar of assets. Let me stress, once more, that every obligation of a Chartered Bank is payable in cash.

Some supposedly great authority is quoted as having said that if all bank loans were paid all deposits would disappear and there would be no money in existence. I don't think that many Alberta people are stupefied by such statements.

It is equivalent to saying that if every loan were drained dry there would be no ocean liners. If every bank went out of existence to-morrow there would still be wealth but the job of marketing that wealth would take us back to the dim, distant days of barter. Nothing is gained at any time by such extreme statements.

You have been told that when a bank makes a loan and takes security, the bank then uses that security as if it were its own. Such a statement is 100 per cent false. The security lodged with the bank remains the property of the borrower and all the records of the bank prove that fact. He can call for his security to be produced and shown to him at any time. Such security does not appear in the bank's balance sheets at all and when the loan is repaid the security is handed back to the borrower intact.

Some of our critics plunge into very deep water when they draw conclusions from the statement that every dollar that comes into circulation represents a debt on which somebody must pay interest. That statement is used to convey to you a sinister impression, an entirely false idea of what money really is and does.

To illustrate in the plainest of everyday terms let us start from the beginning:

I go into the bank and I borrow \$1,000 on which, naturally, I have to pay rent, or if you prefer, interest.

The bank gives me, in exchange for my note, \$1,000 in bills. I have got \$1,000 of money, on which interest has to be paid because the bank is giving me a service.

Why do I borrow the money?

I was going to use it in a deal, expecting to make a profit for myself, or I wouldn't have borrowed the money at all.

Very well, I carry out the deal successfully. I repay the bank the \$1,000 I borrowed, and I have a profit, say, of \$100, which I put to my credit in the bank.

You will see by the use of this borrowed money on which I paid rent, I have increased my own resources by \$100, and the bank has received back its \$1,000.

When you multiply that thousand dollar borrowing of mine, my use of the money and my profit, time after time, you see what is happening continuously throughout the year in the business world and you see that the interest is not any strangling charge as has been represented to you. You pay rent, and you make a profit out of it — whatever the nature of your business may be.

It is a continuous, revolving process — in which the dollar you use is not dead-weight debt at all, but productive money. There are times, however, when some of it may become temporarily dead-weight debt. To illustrate such a case, let us say that I am drought or misfortune I suffer a loss for a season — say my deal has not been successful — and I lose a part of my borrowed \$1,000.

In these cases, what I have lost does for the time being become dead-weight debt. But with a better season and better prices and better business I have a chance to recover my losses and repay. By far the greater part of the dollars that are issued are not dead-weight debt as you have been so often told; there is nothing sinister in the manner nor in the purpose of their issue, nor in the work that they do; they are, in fact, productive money, constantly adding to goods and services and increasing the world's store of new wealth.

That is all there is to bank money. Bank loans are really constructive and productive; and the deep, dark hocus pocus with which critics seek to surround it is recognized, by folks of practical experience, as simply transparent nonsense.

Since we started broadcasting on behalf of Canada's Chartered Banks I have received many letters from Alberta people: I have before me one of them, which gives an instance of a large scale farmer who had occasion to borrow \$5,000 to purchase feeder cattle.

This farmer says: "When I borrow money I estimate my prospective profit very carefully and, if I do not see where I am going to make interest charges and a substantially higher profit for myself I do not borrow the money. Without a bank loan I could not possibly have financed the purchase of the cattle and, further, I feel that the bank's profit is small and mine proportionately large. I consider that I should assume all the risk of loss for the sake of this higher prospective profit. My borrowing is intelligent borrowing from a purely individual and selfish standpoint. I had a similar loan, on which the interest charges amounted to about \$100 some time ago. On this loan I realized a net profit of more than \$2,000 because I was able to feed all of my coarse grain and to realize in the neighbourhood of sixty cents a bushel when prices were in the neighbourhood of twenty to thirty cents a bushel."

I have another Alberta letter, in which a farmer tells us that he had twenty hogs and, being short of feed, wanted to sell them. He was offered \$200 for the twenty hogs and did not want to let them go at that price, so he went to the bank and borrowed \$500. This enabled him to hold the hogs and feed them a while longer, with the result that he eventually sold them for \$500 instead of the \$200 he had been offered. In other words he borrowed \$500 from the bank, the bank made a gross revenue of about \$175 but the farmer made a straight profit of \$50.

I have a letter before me also which appeared in the Calgary Herald from a Milk Producers' Association in the vicinity of Calgary. It reads in part: "We are hearing a good deal about banks these days. I do not profess to know much about banks or the banking business but I do know that, if it had not been for the banks last fall, I along with many others, would have been forced out of business." These are but a few examples taken at random from a large quantity of our mail.

In earlier broadcasts I have told you that deposits in the banks are the basis upon which banks can make loans. Let us demonstrate its truth.

Suppose a bank started business with \$50,000 in cash and lent that amount to various borrowers. Then suppose each borrower drew out the amount lent to him, in cash, and each person to whom he paid his money put it in a sock, kept it under his mattress or hid it behind the clock, so that none of it came back to the bank in the form of deposits. As the bank has no cash in its vault the bank dare not make another loan because it could give no cash to the new borrower.

We can go on converting borrowers' assets into spendable form, i.e., making loans, only if the depositing public are willing to entrust their funds to us. It is the confidence of the people in banks and their willingness to leave their money on deposit that enables a bank to lend money and serve the community.

How, therefore, can it be said that we have usurped the right to nonette credit? As we have shown, it is the individual who in the first place possesses the credit; he asks the bank to convert that credit into money he can spend. The bank only does it on his request.

Now I have an announcement to make. This is the last of our broadcasts, at least for the time being. In one of our broadcasts we said that some of our Alberta branch bank Managers might be heard in this series. Instead, I incorporated in my talks with you, much material which came to me direct from them.

We told you in starting our talks that we would be non-political and non-controversial and would state to you nothing but the unvarnished facts about Canada's Chartered Banks and the work they do. This is exactly what we have done. There is no mystery about Canadian banking, other than the mystery created by critics who are not well informed.

We are doing an honest business and have nothing whatever to fear from the fullest disclosure. Four million depositors have confidence in Canada's Chartered Banks. Were it not for that confidence in the honour and integrity of Canada's Chartered Banks no loans could be made at all.

We wish to thank our listening audience for the many encouraging letters and messages they have sent us. Our talks have all been put into pamphlet form, and if you wish to have them, any branch bank Manager will be glad to give them to you and to talk over with you any of the matters with which we have dealt.

Theorists never run out of theories — but facts are stubborn things. Our story stands for your fair-minded consideration. We leave it to you with confidence.





## Be Careful About Children's Colds

TREAT THEM PROVED WAY

More mothers use VapoRub than any other medication of its kind—they have proved it by use in their own homes. It was first used in the world's largest cold-remedy clinic. No "doses" just massage VapoRub on throat, chest, and back at bedtime. Almost at once, the cold is broken up and starts to loosen phlegm, relieve irritation and coughing, help break local congestion. Often, by morning the worst of the cold is over.

## WHAT HO!

—By—  
RICHARD CONNELL

By Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto.

### CHAPTER I.

"Pop, 10,001," remarked the last census, speaking of Bear Falls, which nestles, surrounded by tall corn and plump pigs, in the midriff of Iowa. Ten thousand of those who lived, moved and had their being there, were the usual More-or-Lessers. They were more or less prosperous, more or less virtuous. They possessed more or less intelligence, beauty and charm and were more or less happy, more or less sad. They had the standard quota of health and hope, the usual stock of assorted dreams and desires. So much for the ten thousand. The odd one was Ernest Bingley.

If, by design or mistake, you chanced to be in Bear Falls, you might not have been able to tell its Main street from the chief thoroughfare of Bellows Falls, Vermont, or Klamath Falls, Oregon. It was sandwiched in between the Bijou-Dream Movie Theatre (Bank Nite Thursday), and the opulent Elite Bootery conducted by Mr. Caleb Slocum. It flaunted no garish signs, but bore a small brass plate with the legend

IVANHOE PET SHOP AND TAXIDERMIST

Ernest Bingley, Solo Prop.

On a fat and tingling fall day the solo prop, was practicing his art in the room at the rear of his premises which he called his studio. A blue chest of drawers and an iron cot suggested that it was also his living quarters. The custom mid-west sun, peering through the wide north-light window beheld a scene which was a blend of jungle, zoo, and rummage sale. Rows of birds, ranging in size from canaries to parrots, sat down from shelves with impulsive eyes. In one corner a bear-cub was essaying to climb a papier-mache tree. He would never make it, poor cub, but was destined to remain forever. Tantalus-like, half way to his goal, until the moths got him. In another corner, a placid pig dog reclined serenely on a wooden pillow, unperturbed by the fact that a family of wilekats, father, mother and daughter, crouched not a foot from his nostrils. On stretchers were the hides of various animals. A bodiless mouse leered amiably from the wall. About the place were strewn old bits and pieces of creatures feathery, furry and piscatorial, the head of a hawk, the skeleton of a lamb which would gleam no more in some green Iowa pasture.

With a piece of chamomile Ernest Bingley deftly polished a surprising life-like glass eye and backed off to survey, critically, his masterpiece to date.

It was a horse, a tall, able-bodied, handsome horse, so cunningly mounted that he seemed to be charging, full gallop, at some invisible barrier. Ernest gave a little sigh of satisfaction. No connoisseur of stuffed horses could, he felt, cavil at his handiwork.

He patted the horse's muscular neck.

"Easy, boy, easy," he said. Moved by some sudden fancy, he began, inexpertly, to clamber up on the broad back of the stationary steed. But just as he settled into the phantom saddle and gathered up the imaginary reins, a second notion

## IN UP-TO-DATE STABLES

—Old Reliable Minard's

When horses are in to stable with wire-net or saddle bolts, or even have to enter the thing to do is get the Minard's saddle at once, as Mr. David of Glenora, Manitoba, knows. He writes: "I like your Minard's saddle. Like to have it in the house. Have found your Minard's saddle especially good for barrel wire side on horses." A family doctor praised Minard's saddle over 40 years ago. Still invaluable in every stable and every house.

struck him, and he dismounted. He shook off a stained and rumpled smock and donned, as more appropriate, a well-worn henna-hued tweed coat. His eye lighted on a bamboo fish-pole dusty from disuse. This he seized and again he mounted the horse.

Grasping the pole in his right hand he pointed it straight ahead, like a lance, roweled the flanks of his charger with unseemly spurs, and cried, in ringing, defiant tones,

"What ho, varlet! Have at you, Sir Brian duBois Gilbert! You'll rue the day you dared cross lances with a Bingley!"

His jousting was interrupted by a sound behind him. He whipped his eyes around and saw, in the doorway, a brief, paunchy man, goggling at him, pop-eyed.

"Oh, hello, Mr. Slocum," said Ernest, and the pink on his neck did not come from the sunset.

"Snakes alive, Ernie, what's got into you now?" demanded Mr. Slocum.

"Well, you see," explained Ernest, "he looks so life-like, I sort of thought I'd take a ride—"

Mr. Slocum wagged a disapproving tongue.

"Do you want folks to think you got hoot-owls in your attic?" he inquired.

"No," said Ernest. "I don't."

"Well, if anybody saw you fishing and holloing on a dead horse they might think you didn't have all your buttons," stated Mr. Slocum.

"I guess some people think that already," said Ernest Bingley.

"So they do, Ernie, so they do," returned Mr. Slocum cheerfully.

"Well, I can't stay away from my store very long. Got your camera ready?"

"Just like this," on the work bench, there it was, that porcupine.

"How do you want me to take you?" queried Mr. Slocum, as he gingerly untangled the camera from the porcupine.

"Just like this," said Ernest, from the horse.

"Pole and all?"

"No." The pole clattered to the floor. Ernest sat erect, his arms folded across his chest, and a stern, equestrian look in his hazel eyes.

"Shoot," he said.

"Well," observed Mr. Slocum, as he aimed the camera and squinted through the sight, "I'm only doing this to help out a neighbor, but if I was a young businessman, trying to win trade, I wouldn't go round having my picture taken on stuffed horses."

In business you always got to ask: "What will the customer think?"

"Mine will think it is a real horse," said Ernest, and added, "I hope."

"Click!" went the camera shutter.

"Of course," went on Ernest, "I'll tell them the truth. When they see what a natural job I made out of Tartar maybe I'll get more orders. I need 'em."

"I can't deny," said Mr. Slocum, "that Tartar looks real enough to eat oats; but I doubt if you'll ever get rich stuffing horses in this part of Iowa. They'll never be a popular number around here. Too unhandy."

Just will is Otis Wyncoop going to do with this critter, now that he has him?"

"Mr. Wyncoop plans to keep him in his den, I understand," said Ernest. "Tartar was his favorite hunter, you know."

Mr. Slocum emitted a faintly equine snort.

"Hunter!" he exclaimed. "If that don't beat all get-out! Say, when I first knew Otis Wyncoop the only hunting he ever did was for jobs."

And that wife of his! Why, say, Ernie, many's the time, twenty-two years ago she served me an order of ham and down at the America House. Arminia Dietz she was then and so fresh from the farm she threw a fit the first time she saw a trolley-car. And now you can blister me from top to bottom if she doesn't sail past my store, all minked up and her smoot in the air, to go to Chicago to buy her shoes. Is that civie? I ask you."

"It must be fun to be rich," said Ernest.

"Well," said Mr. Slocum, "if I was a millionaire and had made my money in sausage I'd never have a stuffed horse in my den. It might give folks ideas."

"I was rich, I'd travel," said Ernest.

"What for?" demanded Mr. Slocum. "You've been to Kansas City, haven't you?"

"Once."

"Well, if you've seen one big town, you've seen 'em all," said Mr. Slocum.

"I want to go to England," said Ernest.

The owner of the Elite Bootery pursed his lips and made a "Tck, tck, tck" sound.

"Maybe they're right," he said. "Maybe you are a bit touched upstairs. How long have you had this nutty idea, Ernie?"

Ernest Bingley colored as a man does when some secret dream is touched.

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### Something New In Pictures

Double Sound Track Is Used In Talking Film

A new talking movie film in which the actor's voice moves around the screen with his figure was demonstrated to the Society of Motion Picture Engineers in New York.

If the screen figure spoke from the left of the picture, his voice came from the left side of the house. The answer of a figure on the opposite side of the screen came from the right side of the house. If the actor moved back from the front of the picture his voice receded with his figure.

The new film uses a double sound track for the first time, to produce the "stereophonic" sound, and was announced as the first commercial film of its kind. These lifelike sound effects have been produced in laboratories for several years. Experience has kept them from being adopted by movies.

### Given Royal Titles

Name Of Indian Family Too Difficult To Pronounce

"The Prince of Wales" was condescending at Port Townsend, Washington, after a week's illness in the paleface's hospital.

"The Prince of Wales" was born 76 years ago on the site of what is Port Townsend's busiest corner and is the last of the hereditary chiefs of the fast-fading tribe of Clallams.

Early settlers gave him his princely title because they found his tribal name, Lahanina, too difficult to pronounce. Similarly they christened his father "The Duke of York," his mother "Queen Victoria" and his uncle "King George."

Will Hold Its Own

A prediction that the trans-oceanic aeroplane would never take the place of the steamer came from Frederick W. Whitehead, British aeroplane motor manufacturer, and designer of the trans-Atlantic flying boats Cambria and Caledonia. Whitehead said plane travel would always be expensive—"beyond the reach of the ordinary traveler."

### Museum At Louisburg

Seaport Town Once Held The Key To North America

Events in the 18th century struggle between England and France for possessions in America were recalled at Louisburg when Lord Tweedsmuir dedicated the Federal museum at this Nova Scotia seaport town which once held the key to North America.

His Excellency stood over the ruins of what was once called the "Dunkirk of America," the strongest French fortification on this side of the Atlantic before it finally fell into English hands in 1758, and formally declared open the museum which houses relics of the famous siege.

Hundreds braved the wind-driven rain to hear the ceremony. It was vital that you should use every memorial to make history live for generations. "A visual memorial is a tremendous thing, far more illuminating than the most eloquent words," the Governor-General said. It was a "sure guarantee of stability and success in the future."

Traffic Control

Robot Supervisor Regulates Traffic In London

The most important traffic control installation in the world will be completed by a Liverpool firm this month. The firm are equipping Piccadilly Circus, London, with a "master-mind" traffic control system, which will regulate the 50,000 vehicles that ebb and flow along its seven main arteries every twelve hours.

The new system enables the density of the traffic on the roads leading into the Circus to be constantly measured and the times of the signals to be regulated accordingly by a master-timer. Four vehicle activity-controllers will operate in the main Circus and two others at the junction of Lower Regent street with Jernyn street and Shaftesbury avenue with Windmill street. The master-timer, however, will act as a robot supervisor over the whole system.—Industrial Britain.

A Real Racket

Mahatma Gandhi Has Clever Way To Collect Money

When Gandhi is leaving a town, the date is announced beforehand, crowds throng the station to receive his blessing. A few minutes before the train is due to leave Gandhi appears at the window of his third class compartment, gives his blessing, tells them: all contributions will be gratefully received. Immediately, there is a shower of notes, coins, of every denomination. At every station on the journey, however small, the train stops, the same happens.—Cavalade.

Just ask yourself as you stop on the gas whether it is a matter of life and death whether you pass that other car in front.

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### Little Helps For This Week

Wherefore seeing we also are compassed about with so great a cloud of witnesses, let us lay aside every weight and the sin that doth so easily beset us, and let us run with patience the race that is set before us. Hebrews 12:1.

Could we lift the veil between, Could we for a moment witness Those unnumbered hosts that stand Calm and bright on either hand; What a joyful hope would cheer, What a faith serene would guide Us.

Great may be the danger near, Greater are the friends beside Us.

We are compassed about with a throng of witnesses whose heart throbs in sympathy with every effort and struggle, and who thrill with joy at every success. This thought should check every worldly feeling and unworthy purpose and enshrine us in an atmosphere of heavenly peace. They have overcome, have risen, and are glorified, but they remain our comforters in every hour of darkness. They also groined, doubted, and struggled, but in their victory we see the certainty of our own.

Listed Under Mishaps

Reporter Had Difficulty Finding Data On Bomb Explosion

Recently, says Neal O'Hara in the New York Post, a reporter on a New York morning daily tried to dig up clippings in the paper's reference library on the Wall Street bomb explosion of some 15 years ago in which 36 persons were killed. But looking through the filing system under "Explosions," "Disasters," "Bombings" and "Wall Street," he couldn't find a thing. The envelope of clippings finally turned up under the heading of "Mishaps."

Zoo Ostreich Was Clever

Polly, the Cincinnati Zoo's prize ostrich, was her own fire department when a visitor carelessly tossed a burning cigarette on her back. She went into an anguished version of the Highland Flieg. Before keepers could reach her with a fire extinguisher, however, Polly, stepping high in pain, reached around with her long neck and plucked out the burning tail feathers with her bill.

IF I COULD ONLY GET AN UNBROKEN NIGHT'S REST!

Up time and again because of bladder weakness, backache, and other ailments, I have found that GIN PILLS for the kidneys is the only medicine that has helped me get a better night's rest. I feel much better now.

GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS



My object all sublime Has changed in course of time; The punishment now precedes the crime; It now precedes the crime.

—Glasgow Record

## WE SPECIALIZE IN— and MACHINE WORK

Agent For  
John Deere Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer.  
**W. A. HURT**

### Council Meetings

The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council,  
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

### Conveyancing - Insurance OUR SPECIALTY

Fire and Automobile Insurance

### T. Tredaway

WELL DRILLING  
AND  
PUMP REPAIRING

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No. 113  
**HARRY MAY**  
President . . . . . Secretary

**G. Y. McLean**  
Bookkeeping - Auditing  
Commissioner for Oaths  
CHRONICLE OFFICE

### DENTAL

**Doctors Warren & Hood**  
DENTISTS

X-Ray . . . . . Office Over Kresco Store  
236-8th Avenue . . . . . CALGARY  
**Dr. Milton Warren**  
Carstairs Every Monday  
Becker's Store . . . . . Phone 10

### LEGAL

**E. C. COLLIER, L.L.B.**  
Barrister . . . . . Solicitor

310 Grain Exchange Bldg.  
Calgary, Alberta

Crossfield every Saturday  
Tredaway Office . . . . . Phone 33

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who knows value—gets it—  
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A TRIAL IS SOLICITED

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### SOCIETY SLANTS

#### SCHOOL FAIR DUES

We have been asked: "When will the prizes be distributed? This cannot happen until we have funds. So, secretaries, send us your cheques and dividends will be forthcoming."

H. May, Secretary School Fair  
UNITED LADIES AID

A "Jiggs" Supper and Entertainment will be held in the Masonic Hall on Tuesday evening, October 26th, commencing at 6:00 p.m. Calgary artists, including the famous Scottish Comedian, George Wallace. You are invited. A plea sent evening is promised.

### CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE - Chopping Engine and Chopper, 6 1/2 inches. Complete with belt. Good running condition. G. Nasadyk, Crossfield. (encl)

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FOR  
SORE THROAT  
HEAD COLDS  
CUTS, WOUNDS  
ABRASIONS  
Cleans False Teeth Without  
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FOR  
FEMININE HYGIENE  
AND  
PYORRHEA  
Economical  
6 oz. size . . . . . 35c  
16-oz. size . . . . . 50c

### Edlund's Drug Store

Crossfield . . . . . Phone 3

### The RECALL Store

### TALKIES

SHOWING  
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 26.  
at the  
U.F.A. HALL, Crossfield

### "HIGH GEAR"

SHOWING AT 8:45 P.M.  
ADMISSION

15c & 25c . . . . . tax extra



### "DOCTOR" for sick Radio

WHEN your radio is sick call a radio doctor just as you would your family physician for personal illness. Let an expert "check up" your radio and determine the reason for poor reception.

We are "radio doctors". We know how to find the causes of noise, hum, distortion, erratic performance . . . and cure all radio troubles. We can supply you with new General Electric Radiotrons or any other parts required to bring your radio back to perfect health.

Call us today for a complete radio "check up". The cost is small.

**BANNISTER ELECTRIC**

Phone 34 . . . . . Crossfield

Your RADIO Store

### CROSSFIELD CHATTER

Mrs. Pogue visited with her sister in Calgary on Tuesday.

Miss McLean, of Calgary, visited her father, G. Y. McLean, Monday.

Mr. Chas. Fox is a visitor in eastern Alberta on Lodge work.

J. Hesketh has rented the Gilchrist house north of town.

Threshing was resumed this week and, granted good weather, the crews will rush it through quickly.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Sefton, were confined to their home last week through illness.

Jack Smith, of Calgary, is the new barber in town. He is running the Pogue shop.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Bannister and young son, Neil, were Calgary visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Zang, of Calgary, were Crossfield visitors last weekend.

A large number of Crossfield folks took in the Madden dogs last Friday.

Rev. and Mrs. Hunt and Mr. Hunt Sr. were Calgary visitors Monday last.

Mrs. J. T. Davis was a visitor to Innisfail Monday and Tuesday, in connection with Lodge work.

Board of Trade School Fair Night is coming soon. Arrange to take it in, early next month.

Mrs. A. T. Anderson and Master Larry returned to their home last week, after spending two weeks as guests at the Rectory.

Mr. and Mrs. Tweedle of Calgary visited with their son and daughter Mr. and Mrs. Nyl Tweedle last Sunday.

The many friends of Mrs. W. Woldege will be pleased to learn she is making steady progress to health and strength again.

Mrs. Sid Willis is spending a few days visiting her son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Willis, Turner Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. H. MacDonald have vacated the Hall residence north of town and moved into the McClelland house on Hammond Street.

Messrs. E. Weston and J. Evenson, of Portland, Oregon, G. A. Williams, E. Smith and Mrs. G. Y. McLean, of Calgary, paid the Chronicle a visit Monday night.

The Editor had the pleasure of being shown over the Legislative Buildings at Edmonton last week, by our former M. L. A. Milt McCool.

A Quilting Bee was held at the home of Mrs. Belshaw on Tuesday, where the ladies completed a quilt, which is to be auctioned off at their dinner and entertainment on Tuesday next.

Mrs. W. Emerson returned last week from Calgary, accompanied by her son Lewis who has been a patient in a Calgary hospital for a considerable time. The wee fella is able to get about.

A pleasing feature at last Sunday night's service in the United Church was the male trio, representing three generations, Mr. Hunt Sr., Rev. S. Hunt and H. Hunt. Mrs. Hunt presided at the piano.

As will be seen from posters around town, Rev. Dr. Paton, of Calgary, will be the guest speaker at the United Church Sunday first. The Church Board is fortunate in securing the services of Dr. Paton, as he is greatly in demand at this time. The United Church should be well filled next Sunday.

Lets take in the masquerade next Friday it will be fun.

Remember the chicken supper at Inverlea tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Lind have taken residence on the A. Hall farm.

Miss Kathleen Mair of Calgary arrived in town yesterday to see her mother who is at present an invalid.

### The World of Wheat By H. G. L. Strange Director "Crop Testing Plan."

"What causes the occasional wide fluctuations with wheat prices? Is it supply, or demand, or money, or is it the speculators with their buying and selling?", a friend recently asked.

All these things, of course, have some effect upon price. Speculation in itself, however, has the smallest effect of any—an effect certainly very much less than most people believe.

The real villain that brings about the great price fluctuations, as for instance from \$1.13 to \$2.90 that occurred with wheat at Liverpool from 1914 to 1921, and from \$2.90 in 1921 to 71 cents in 1931, is WAR!

In the past 500 years there have been only three great World Wars: The Thirty Years War in Germany from 1618 to 1648, the Napoleonic Wars from 1795 to 1816, and the recent Great War from 1914 to 1918.

The price of wheat during each of these Wars rose to a peak of three times its pre-war point, and then fell in post-war years to a figure much lower than that pre-war point.

It has always been the same, and no doubt ever will be, but only when War occurs. The only way to stop it all is to do away with WAR itself.

Following factors have tended to raise price: Brazil buys U.S. wheat—Rain badly needed in Argentina—Crop deterioration in New South Wales and Victoria—England buys U.S. spring wheat—Spain again buys wheat on the Continent—Argentina wheat production indicated around only 220 million—Sugar cane condition below normal in South Africa.

Following factors have tended to lower price: Raisin benefit new seed beds in France—Good rye crop in Latvia—Office plants excellent in New Caledonia—Green reports condition of vineyards good—Favourable reports of rice crops in Tanganyika—Increased offerings of Russian wheat—Continued slow demand from importing deficit areas.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM  
POGUE late of the Village of  
Crossfield, in the Province of  
Alberta, Barber, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having claims upon the Estate of the above named William Pogue who died on the 3rd day of September A.D. 1937, are required to file with E. C. Collier, Barrister and Solicitor, 310 Grain Exchange Building, Calgary, Alberta, by the 30th day of November A.D. 1937 a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any security held by them, and that after that date the Administratrix will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed or which have been brought to her knowledge.

DATED this 14th day of October A.D. 1937

**E. C. COLLIER**

Solicitor for the Administratrix.

310 Grain Exchange Building

Calgary, Alberta. (encl)

### Masquerade Dance

FRIDAY,  
OCTOBER 29

in the  
U.F.A. Hall

Crossfield,

Darke's Plaza

Orchestra

Costume Prizes

Novelty Dances

ADMISSION:

35c per person in costume

50c per person not in costume

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